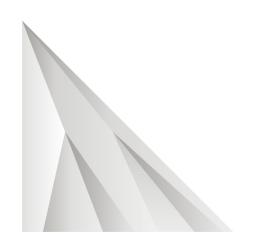


Behavioral Team Report

TTISI Team TTI Success Insights 3-3-2017







Predictable patterns of human nature can be accurately measured through behavioral assessments. A clear understanding of these predictable behaviors can enable productive outcomes. When individual behavioral scores are compiled to examine members of a team, managers are able to see areas of strength, pursue improvement opportunities, and secure the resources needed to deliver on organizational goals.

CONTENTS OF THE REPORT

- Overview A summary examining the composition of your team for both DISC and behavioral segmentation expressed as a percentage.
- Team composition Defines the makeup of your organization by behavioral segment and shares the DISC graphs of individuals on your team.
- Behavioral segment analysis Examines the individuals within each segment, segment characteristics, ways to communicate, and ideal environment.
- Group wheel plots Identifies the natural, adapted, and migrated styles of each team member.
- Behavioral characteristics hierarchy Compares individual scores to others on the team, team averages, and population means.

TEAM MEMBER LIST

James Alire Kate Biben Vanessa Boettcher Tom Bogart Ron Bonnstetter Alec Bonnstetter **Rick Bowers** John Carli Craig Casimir Nick Chris Rodney Cox Philip Daugs Kayla DeVault Todd Fox **Candice Frazer** Eric Gehria Susan Ginn Erin Healv **Jill Heberling Dustin Hebets Richard Hunt** Anne Klink Amy Lane Favor Larson Ann Leitensdorfer Carol Mettenbrink Rvan Miller Cherisse Mowry

Cassandra Nelson Cindy Rosser Brent Rowland Sandra Stoner Teresa Taylor Bobby Tyning Kefei Wang Adam Wong



The TTI Success Insights® wheel is a graphic representation of a team's behavioral make-up among the four quadrants of the DISC wheel.

OBSERVING DISC

Have you ever noticed:

- Some people are forceful, direct, and results-oriented
- Some are optimistic, fun, and talkative
- Some are steady, patient, and relaxed
- Some are precise, accurate, and detail-oriented

DEFINING DISC

Dominance How you respond to problems and challenges

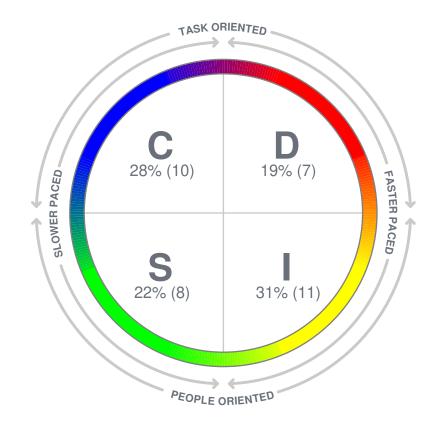
Influence How you influence others to your point of view

Steadiness

How you respond to the pace of the environment

Compliance

How you respond to rules and procedures





The wheel illustrates the blending of the four DISC styles, while demonstrating the similarities and differences in behavioral styles among the team members. This wheel shows the behavioral composition of a team, represented as percentages in each of the eight segments.

BEHAVIORAL SEGMENT DEFINITIONS

CONDUCTOR - D - People who tend to be direct, decisive, and seek results.

PERSUADER - D/I - People who tend to convince others by appealing to reason, understanding, or emotion.

PROMOTER - I - People who tend to verbalize many thoughts to influence outcomes.

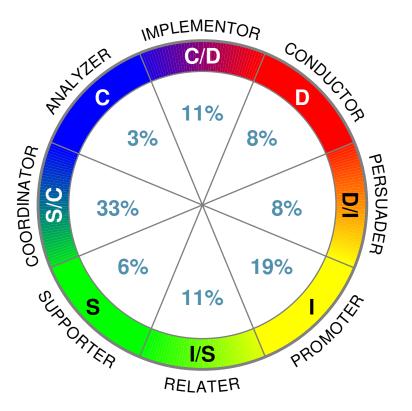
RELATER - I/S - People who tend to take time, think positively, and are focused on interpersonal relationships.

SUPPORTER - S - People who tend to be champions of sound ideas, working steadily and diligently to ensure a project is fully realized.

COORDINATOR - S/C - People who tend to be fact-oriented and adhere to proven methods to complete projects and tasks.

ANALYZER - C - People who tend to seek out accuracy in all activities and ensure the highest quality possible by gathering precise data.

IMPLEMENTOR - C/D - People who tend to assess, leverage facts and figures, and advance toward a solution.



SUCCESS INSIGHTS: Coordinator Team Characteristics - (S/C)

Coordinators tend to be fact-oriented and adhere to proven methods to complete projects and tasks. The following information will give the team members a clear understanding and appreciation of Coordinators.

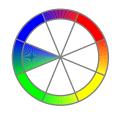
STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES

POTENTIAL STRENGTHS

- Work for a leader and a cause
- Make tough decisions without letting emotions interfere
- Follow projects through to completion
- Identify problems, rules, errors, and procedures
- Implement and fine-tune the plan

POTENTIAL WEAKNESSES

- Become stubborn under stress
- Downplay accomplishments
- Suppress feelings
- Communicate indirectly
- Resist change without reasoning



21.28%

of the Population

WORDS THAT WORK

Proven

Standard

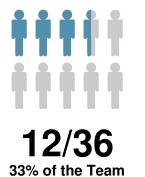
Organized

BEHAVIORAL ATTRIBUTES

Task Oriented	People Oriented
Slower Paced	Faster Paced

VALUE TO THE ORGANIZATION

Objective outlook Looks for logical solutions Conscientious and steady



WORDS THAT DON'T WORK

Unfamiliar

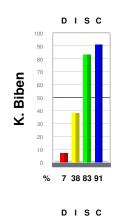
Hectic

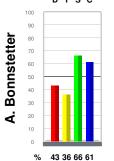
Incomplete

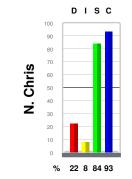


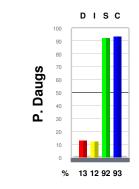
COORDINATOR TEAM

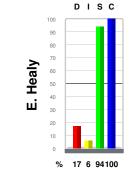
Kate Biben Alec Bonnstetter Nick Chris Philip Daugs Erin Healy Anne Klink Amy Lane Carol Mettenbrink Ryan Miller Cherisse Mowry Brent Rowland Kefei Wang

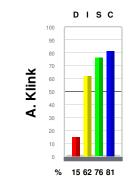


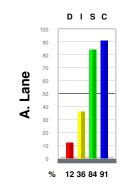


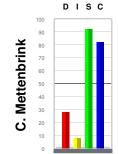












100

90

80

70

50

40

30

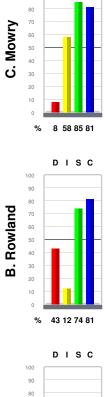
20

10

% 13 12 95 91

R. Miller 60

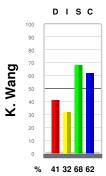




DISC

100

90





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Promoters tend to verbalize many thoughts to influence outcomes. The following information will give the team members a clear understanding and appreciation of Promoters.

STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES

POTENTIAL STRENGTHS

- See the "big picture" and communicate it
- People-oriented
- Promote the team throughout the organization
- Bring the team together
- Advocate for new ideas and products

POTENTIAL WEAKNESSES

- Emphasize fun over efficiency
- Overvalue the skills of others
- Overly optimistic about team abilities
- Inattentive to detail
- React based on emotions

17.46%

of the Population

WORDS THAT WORK

Flexible

Exciting

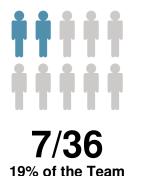
Inspiring

BEHAVIORAL ATTRIBUTES

Task Oriented	People Oriented
Slower Paced	Faster Paced

VALUE TO THE ORGANIZATION

Verbalize feelings Spontaneity Good mixer



WORDS THAT DON'T WORK

Ordinary

Quiet

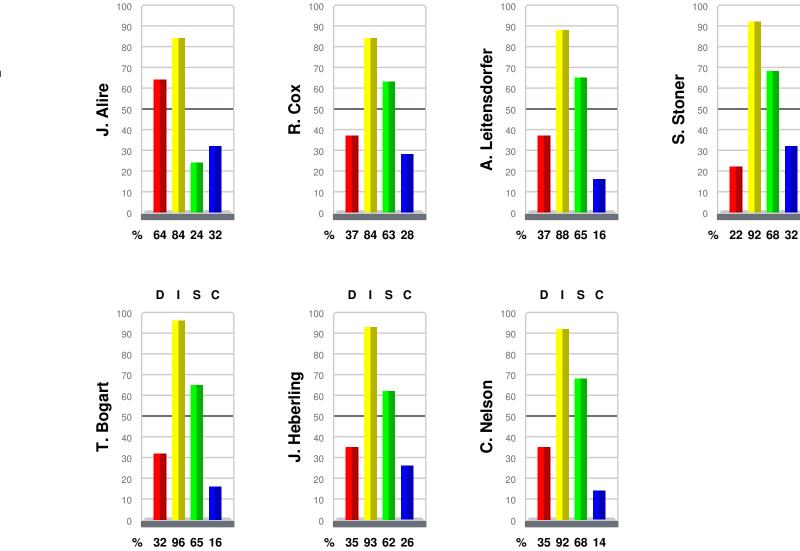
Strict



DISC

PROMOTER TEAM

James Alire Tom Bogart Rodney Cox Jill Heberling Ann Leitensdorfer Cassandra Nelson Sandra Stoner



DISC

DISC

DISC



Relaters tend to take time, think positively, and are focused on interpersonal relationships. The following information will give the team members a clear understanding and appreciation of Relaters.

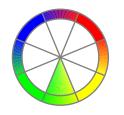
STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES

POTENTIAL STRENGTHS

- Possess strong commitment to team
- Listen actively
- Offer understanding and friendship
- Create an environment where people feel significant
- Protect and value people and things

POTENTIAL WEAKNESSES

- Freeze under stress
- Avoid confrontation
- Accept the current situation
- Agree with the opinions of others
- Hold grudges



20.08%

of the Population

WORDS THAT WORK

Easygoing

Simple

Responsive

BEHAVIORAL ATTRIBUTES

Task Oriented	People Oriented
Slower Paced	Faster Paced

VALUE TO THE ORGANIZATION

Cooperative member of the team Positive sense of humor Tenacious



11% of the Team

WORDS THAT DON'T WORK

Complex

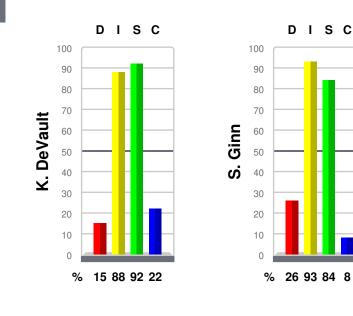
Abstract

Analytical

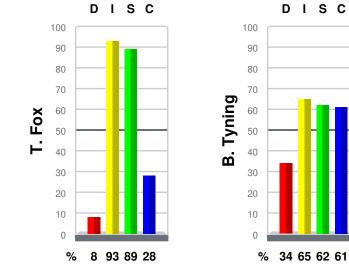


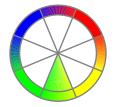
RELATER TEAM

Kayla DeVault Todd Fox Susan Ginn Bobby Tyning



DISC





SUCCESS INSIGHTS: Implementor Team Characteristics - (C/D)

Implementors tend to assess, leverage facts and figures and advance toward a solution. The following information will give the team members a clear understanding and appreciation of Implementors.

STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES

POTENTIAL STRENGTHS

- Aware and sensitive to the cost of errors and mistakes
- Share creative ideas
- Finish tasks quickly
- Expect high performance standards
- Use time well

POTENTIAL WEAKNESSES

- Under-appreciate other team members
- Make decisions inconsistently
- Disregard the feelings of team members
- Overuse facts and figures
- Take on too much within the team

4.22%

of the Population

WORDS THAT WORK

Function

Action

Data

BEHAVIORAL ATTRIBUTES

Task Oriented	People Oriented
Slower Paced	Faster Paced

VALUE TO THE ORGANIZATION

Looks for logical solutions Requires fact-based ideas Excellent troubleshooter



11% of the Team

WORDS THAT DON'T WORK

Relax

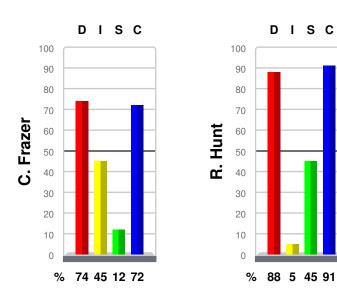
Perception

Assume

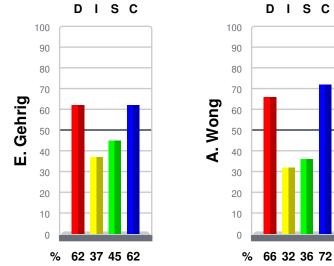


IMPLEMENTOR TEAM

Candice Frazer Eric Gehrig Richard Hunt Adam Wong



DISC









Conductors tend to be direct, decisive and seek results. The following information will give the team members a clear understanding and appreciation of Conductors.

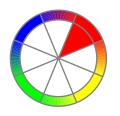
STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES

POTENTIAL STRENGTHS

- Forward-looking and competitive
- Energized by direct answers
- Comfortable with power and authority
- Seeking problems to solve
- Driven toward results

POTENTIAL WEAKNESSES

- Poor or selective listening
- Make decisions without all of the facts
- Lack tact and diplomacy
- Use fear as a motivator
- Over delegate and under instruct



7.12%

of the Population

WORDS THAT WORK

Quick

Advantage

Decisive

BEHAVIORAL ATTRIBUTES

Task Oriented	People Oriented
Slower Paced	Faster Paced

VALUE TO THE ORGANIZATION

Results driven Challenges the status quo Venturesome, ambitious



8% of the Team

WORDS THAT DON'T WORK

Inconsistent

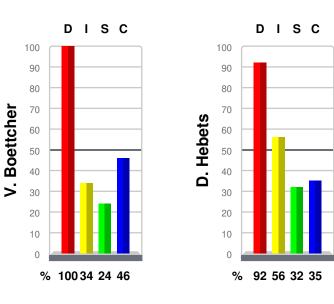
Follow Directions

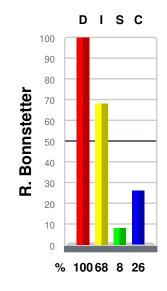
Patient



CONDUCTOR TEAM

Vanessa Boettcher Ron Bonnstetter Dustin Hebets









Persuaders tend to convince others by appealing to reason, understanding, or emotion. The following information will give the team members a clear understanding and appreciation of Persuaders.

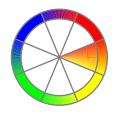
STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES

POTENTIAL STRENGTHS

- Optimistic about team goals
- Independent and autonomous
- Engage others in projects and tasks
- Get results through team members
- Promote and accept changes

POTENTIAL WEAKNESSES

- Do not manage time or deadlines well
- Do not follow up and follow through as needed
- Take on too many responsibilities at once
- Push their agenda
- Be overly enthusiastic



12.68%

of the Population

WORDS THAT WORK

Amazing Unprecedented

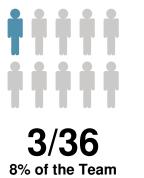
Extraordinary

BEHAVIORAL ATTRIBUTES

Task Oriented	People Oriented
Slower Paced	Faster Paced
	i aster i aceu

VALUE TO THE ORGANIZATION

Represents company in organizations Ability to handle many activities Innovative



WORDS THAT DON'T WORK

Standardized

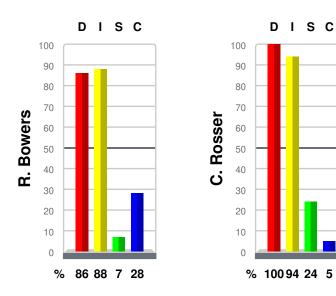
Structured

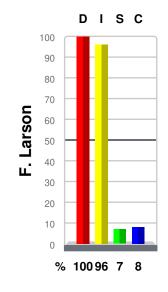
Uniform

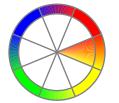


PERSUADER TEAM

Rick Bowers Favor Larson Cindy Rosser







TTI SUCCESS INSIGHTS. Supporter Team Characteristics - (S)

Supporters tend to be champions of sound ideas, working steadily and diligently to ensure a project is fully realized. The following information will give the team members a clear understanding and appreciation of Supporters.

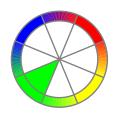
STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES

POTENTIAL STRENGTHS

- Focus on team activities
- Comfort others and show patience
- Perform well in team environments
- Conform to established procedures
- Add stability to the team

POTENTIAL WEAKNESSES

- Lack a sense of urgency
- Do the work themselves, rather than delegate
- Resist team-initiated changes
- Hesitate to move forward
- Do not forgive faults or mistakes



1.90%

of the Population

WORDS THAT WORK

Consistent

Usual

Secure

BEHAVIORAL ATTRIBUTES

Task Oriented	People Oriented
Slower Paced	Faster Paced

VALUE TO THE ORGANIZATION

Negotiates conflicts Dependable team player Consistent and steady



6% of the Team

WORDS THAT DON'T WORK

Unexpected

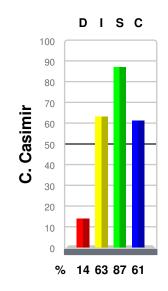
Urgent

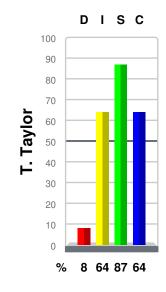
Confrontation



SUPPORTER TEAM

Craig Casimir Teresa Taylor







TTI SUCCESS INSIGHTS. Analyzer Team Characteristics - (C)

Analyzers tend to seek out accuracy in all activity and are careful to gather precise data to ensure the highest quality possible. The following information will give the team members a clear understanding and appreciation of Analyzers.

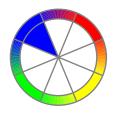
STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES

POTENTIAL STRENGTHS

- Operate in a self-disciplined manner
- Accurate and precise
- Use facts to support their opinion and cause
- Maintain high standards for self and subordinates
- Think critically

POTENTIAL WEAKNESSES

- Do the work themselves and do not delegate
- Lean on team leader or supervisor
- Hesitate to act without sufficient facts
- Keep their feelings to themselves
- Conceal new ideas



5.12%

of the Population

WORDS THAT WORK

Factual

Precise

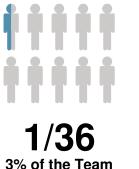
Verified

BEHAVIORAL ATTRIBUTES

Task Oriented		People Oriented
Slower Paced		Faster Paced

VALUE TO THE ORGANIZATION

Will gather data for decision making Comprehensive problem solving Accurate and intuitive



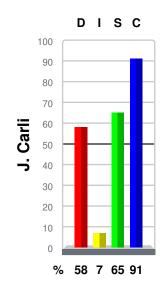
WORDS THAT DON'T WORK

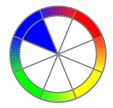
Imagine

Educated guess

Experimental









The following matrix illustrates the blending of the four DISC styles into eight segments. Each segment contains a definition and the percentage of team members in the respective segment. Segments are deliberately located beside the segment that has the opposing style.

CONDUCTOR - D (8%)	SUPPORTER - S (6%)
People who tend to be direct, decisive, and seek results.	People who tend to be champions of sound ideas, working steadily and diligently to ensure a project is fully realized.
PERSUADER - D/I (8%)	COORDINATOR - S/C (33%)
People who tend to convince others by appealing to reason, understanding, or emotion.	People who tend to be fact-oriented and adhere to proven methods to complete projects and tasks.
PROMOTER - I (19%)	ANALYZER - C (3%)
People who tend to verbalize many thoughts to influence outcomes.	People who tend to seek out accuracy in all activities and ensure the highest quality possible by gathering precise data.
People who tend to verbalize many thoughts to influence outcomes. RELATER - I/S (11%)	



The following matrix illustrates the blending of the four DISC styles into eight segments. Each segment contains team members and the percentage of team members in the respective segment. Segments are deliberately located beside the segment that has the opposing style.

CONDUCTOR (8%)	SUPPORTER (6%)
Vanessa Boettcher Ron Bonnstetter Dustin Hebets	Craig Casimir Teresa Taylor
PERSUADER (8%)	COORDINATOR (33%)
Rick Bowers Favor Larson Cindy Rosser	Kate BibenCarol MettenbrinkAlec BonnstetterRyan MillerNick ChrisCherisse MowryPhilip DaugsBrent RowlandErin HealyKefei WangAnne KlinkAmy Lane
PROMOTER (19%)	ANALYZER (3%)
James Alire Tom Bogart Rodney Cox Jill Heberling Ann Leitensdorfer Cassandra Nelson Sandra Stoner	John Carli
RELATER (11%)	IMPLEMENTOR (11%)
Kayla DeVault Todd Fox Susan Ginn Bobby Tyning	Candice Frazer Eric Gehrig Richard Hunt Adam Wong



The following matrix illustrates the blending of the four DISC styles into eight segments. Each segment contains team member characteristics and the percentage of team members in the respective segment. Segments are deliberately located beside the segment that has the opposing style.

CONDUCTOR (8%)	SUPPORTER (6%)
Competitive	Accommodating
Direct	Reflective
Results-Oriented	Persistent
Acts with Urgency	Composed
Change Agent	Dependable
Strong Willed	Good Listener
PERSUADER (8%)	COORDINATOR (33%)
Quick to Change	Slow to Change
Independent	Self-Disciplined
Optimistic	Executor
Confident	Logical
Charismatic	Realistic
Influential	Process-Oriented
PROMOTER (19%)	ANALYZER (3%)
Trusting	Precise
Convincing	Accurate
Inspiring	Focus on Quality
Outgoing	Critical Listener
Cordial	Non-Verbal Communicator
Cheerful	Detail oriented
RELATER (11%)	IMPLEMENTOR (11%)
Good Supporter	Creative
Team Player	Thorough thinker
Persistent	Task-Oriented
Cooperative	Fact-Based



The following matrix illustrates the blending of the four DISC styles into eight segments. Each segment contains the ideal environment for the team and the percentage of team members in the respective segment. Segments are deliberately located beside the segment that has the opposing style.

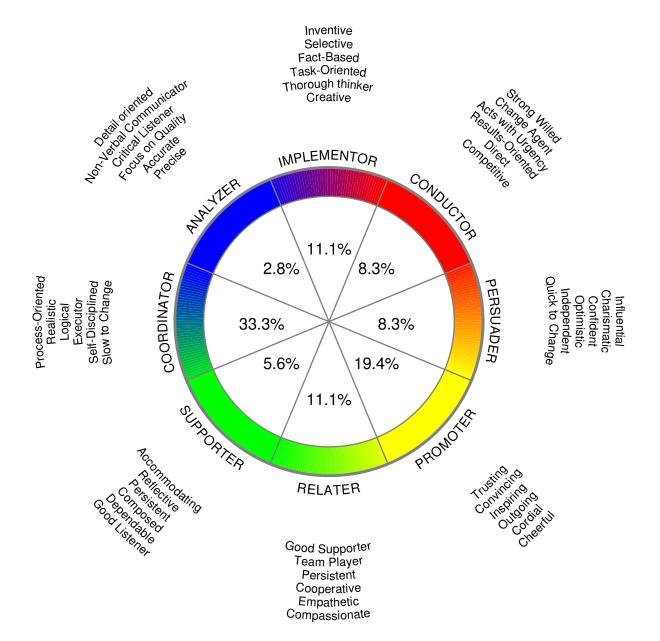
CONDUCTOR (8%)	SUPPORTER (6%)
Bold and Aggressive Actions	Logical Thinking
Challenging Assignments	Systematic Routine
Expedites Action	Relaxed Pace
Firm and Quick Decision Making	Team Participation
Results-Oriented	Security
PERSUADER (8%)	COORDINATOR (33%)
Enthusiasm	Adherence to Standards
Persuasive Communications	Routine Work
Results Through People	Guidelines to Follow
Testing of New Ideas	Facts and Data to Analyze
Competition with Others	Diplomacy and Cooperation
PROMOTER (19%)	ANALYZER (3%)
PROMOTER (19%)	ANALYZER (3%)
People Contact	High Quality Standards
Solutions to "People Problems"	Procedures to Follow
Optimistic Outlook	Clean and Tidy Workstation
Verbalizes Thoughts and Ideas	Accuracy
Varied Activities	Analysis of Facts and Data
People Contact	High Quality Standards
Solutions to "People Problems"	Procedures to Follow
Optimistic Outlook	Clean and Tidy Workstation
Verbalizes Thoughts and Ideas	Accuracy



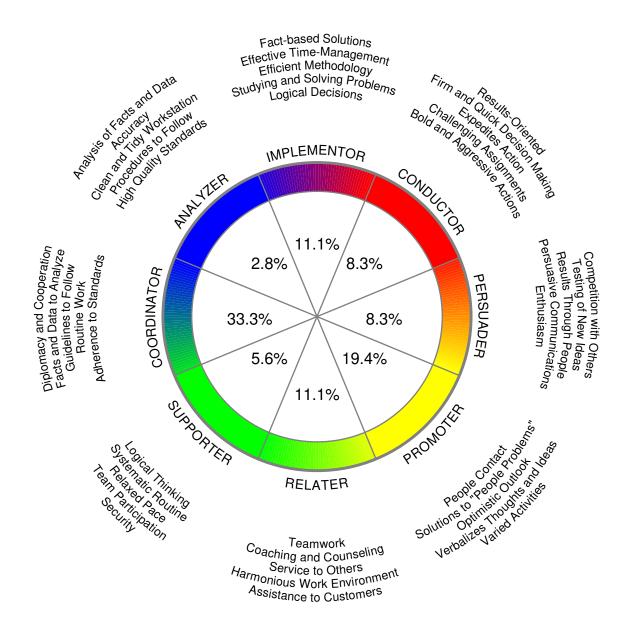
The following matrix illustrates the blending of the four DISC styles into eight segments. Each segment contains the words that don't work with the team and the percentage of team members in the respective segment. Segments are deliberately located beside the segment that has the opposing style.

CONDUCTOR (8%)	SUPPORTER (6%)
Inconsistent	Unexpected
Follow Directions	Urgent
Patient	Confrontation
PERSUADER (8%)	COORDINATOR (33%)
Standardized	Unfamiliar
Structured	Hectic
Uniform	Incomplete
PROMOTER (19%)	ANALYZER (3%)
Ordinary	Imagine
Quiet	Educated guess
Strict	Experimental
RELATER (11%)	IMPLEMENTOR (11%)
Complex	Relax
Abstract	Perception
Analytical	Assume

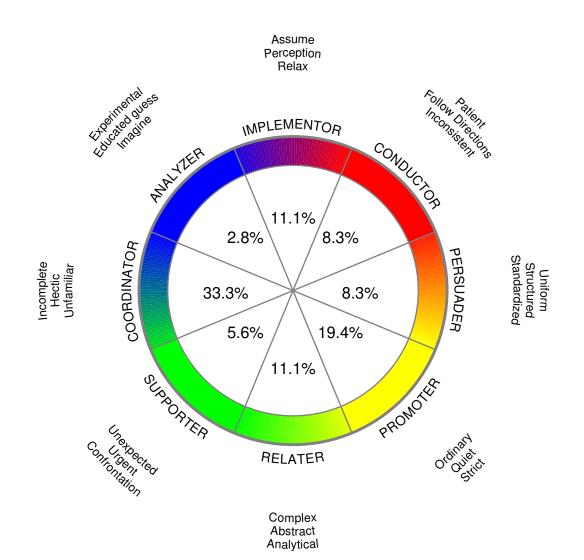




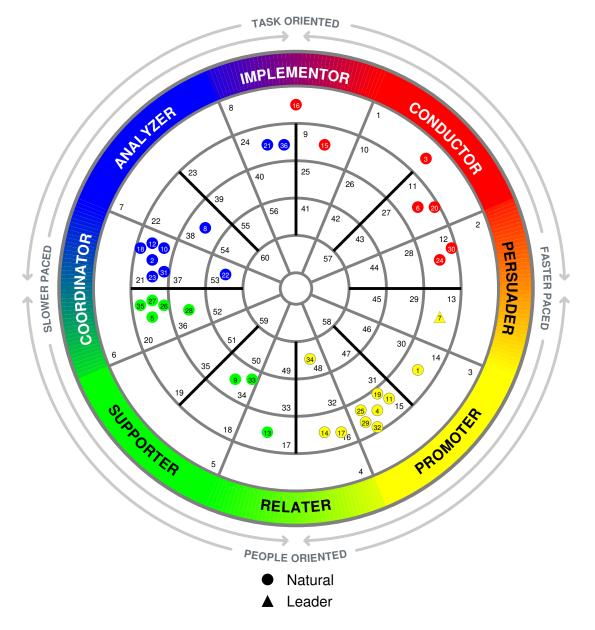
TTI SUCCESS INSIGHTS. Ideal Environment for Team Members







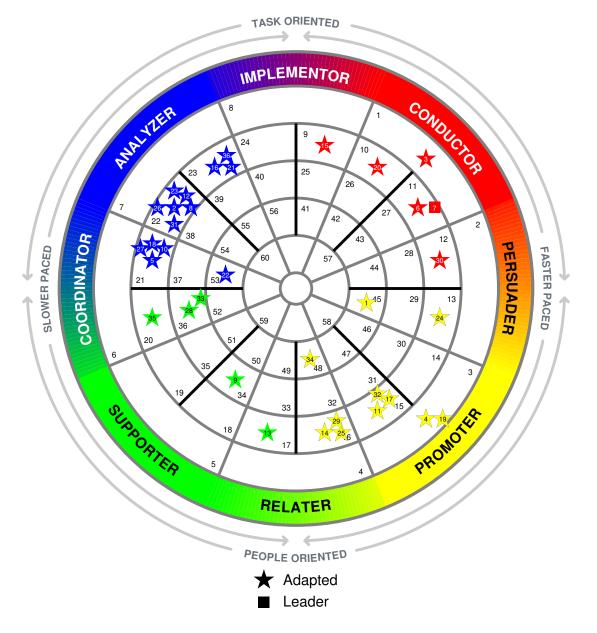




TEAM MEMBERS

- 1: James Alire
- 2: Kate Biben
- 3: Vanessa Boettcher
- 4: Tom Bogart
- 5: Alec Bonnstetter
- 6: Ron Bonnstetter
- 7: Rick Bowers *
- 8: John Carli
- 9: Craig Casimir
- 10: Nick Chris
- 11: Rodney Cox
- 12: Philip Daugs
- 13: Kayla DeVault
- 14: Todd Fox
- 15: Candice Frazer
- 16: Eric Gehrig
- 17: Susan Ginn
- 18: Erin Healy
- 19: Jill Heberling
- 20: Dustin Hebets
- 21: Richard Hunt
- 22: Anne Klink
- 23: Amy Lane
- 24: Favor Larson
- 25: Ann Leitensdorfer
- 26: Carol Mettenbrink
- 27: Ryan Miller
- 28: Cherisse Mowry
- 29: Cassandra Nelson
- 30: Cindy Rosser
- 31: Brent Rowland
- 32: Sandra Stoner
- 33: Teresa Taylor
- 34: Bobby Tyning
- 35: Kefei Wang
- 36: Adam Wong

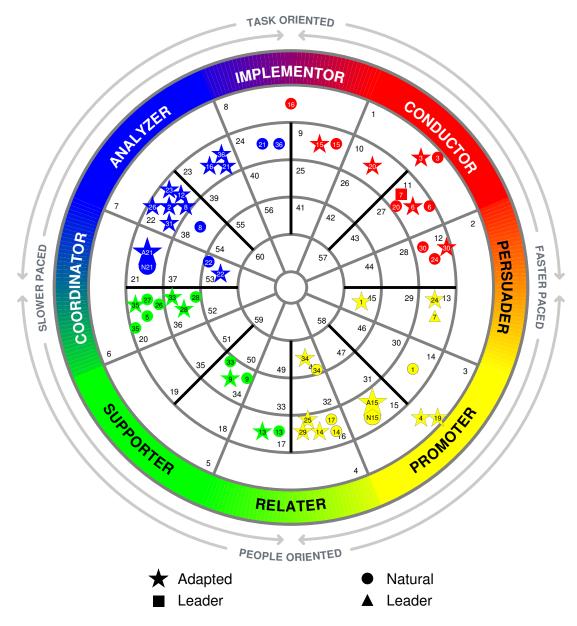




TEAM MEMBERS

- 1: James Alire
- 2: Kate Biben
- 3: Vanessa Boettcher
- 4: Tom Bogart
- 5: Alec Bonnstetter
- 6: Ron Bonnstetter
- 7: Rick Bowers *
- 8: John Carli
- 9: Craig Casimir
- 10: Nick Chris
- 11: Rodney Cox
- 12: Philip Daugs
- 13: Kayla DeVault
- 14: Todd Fox
- 15: Candice Frazer
- 16: Eric Gehrig
- 17: Susan Ginn
- 18: Erin Healy
- 19: Jill Heberling
- 20: Dustin Hebets
- 21: Richard Hunt
- 22: Anne Klink
- 23: Amy Lane
- 24: Favor Larson
- 25: Ann Leitensdorfer 26: Carol Mettenbrink
- 26: Carol Mette
- 27: Ryan Miller28: Cherisse Mowry
- 29: Cassandra Nelson
- 30: Cindy Rosser
- 31: Brent Rowland
- 32: Sandra Stoner
- 33: Teresa Taylor
- 34: Bobby Tyning
- 35: Kefei Wang
- 36: Adam Wong





2/N21: Kate Biben 3: Vanessa Boettcher 4/N15: Tom Bogart A21/5: Alec Bonnstetter 6: Ron Bonnstetter 7: Rick Bowers * 8: John Carli 9: Craig Casimir A21/N21: Nick Chris A15/N15: Rodney Cox 12/N21: Philip Daugs 13: Kayla DeVault 14: Todd Fox 15: Candice Frazer 16: Eric Gehrig A15/17: Susan Ginn A21/N21: Erin Healy 19/N15: Jill Heberling 20: Dustin Hebets 21: Richard Hunt 22: Anne Klink 23/N21: Amy Lane 24: Favor Larson 25/N15: Ann Leitensdorfer 26: Carol Mettenbrink A21/27: Ryan Miller 28: Cherisse Mowry 29/N15: Cassandra Nelson 30: Cindy Rosser 31/N21: Brent Rowland A15/N15: Sandra Stoner 33: Teresa Taylor 34: Bobby Tyning 35: Kefei Wang

36: Adam Wong

TEAM MEMBERS

1: James Alire



Twelve behavioral factors that are critical to team success are measured in this assessment. Comprehending each phrase and its definition drives a common language that will enable you to compare individual scores, the team average, and the population means on subsequent pages.

Analysis of Data - Information is maintained accurately for repeated examination as required.

Competitiveness - Tenacity, boldness, assertiveness and a "will to win" in all situations.

Consistency - The ability to do the job the same way.

Customer Relations - A desire to convey your sincere interest in them.

Follow Up and Follow Through - A need to be thorough.

Following Policy - Complying with the policy or if no policy, complying with the way it has been done.

Frequent Change - Moving easily from task to task or being asked to leave several tasks unfinished and easily move on to the new task with little or no notice.

Frequent Interaction with Others - Dealing with multiple interruptions on a continual basis, always maintaining a friendly interface with others.

Organized Workplace - Systems and procedures followed for success.

People Oriented - Spending a high percentage of time successfully working with a wide range of people from diverse backgrounds to achieve "win-win" outcomes.

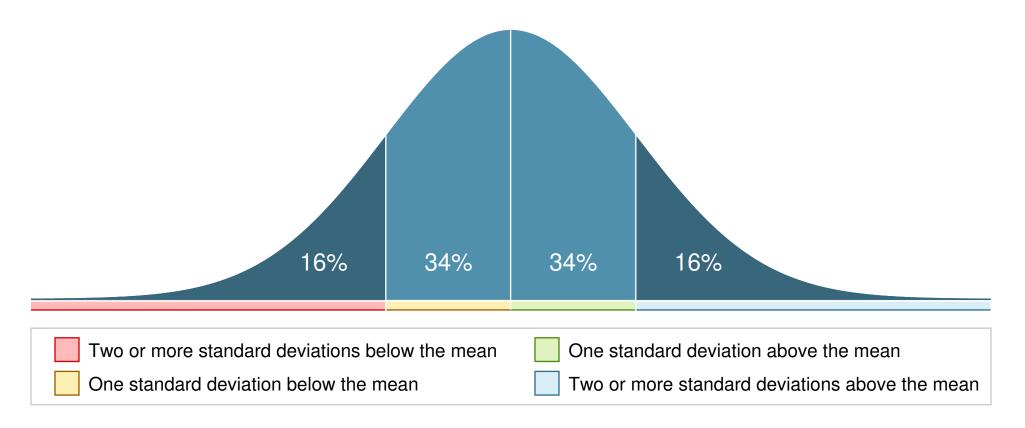
Urgency - Decisiveness, quick response and fast action.

Versatility - Bringing together a multitude of talents and a willingness to adapt the talents to changing assignments as required.



Understanding how to read a bell curve and standard deviation will enable you to clearly analyze the composition of your team.

The bell curve, known as a normal distribution, is the most common type of distribution for a population. The highest point on the curve, represents the highest population of people, or the mean of the group. The standard deviation is a number used to show how data is spread out from the mean, representing a percentage of the total data collected. For example, if the assessment scores of 100 people are collected and used in a normal probability distribution, 68 people, representing 68% of the 100 assessment scores, should fall within one standard deviation of the mean. Thirty four percent will be one standard deviation above the mean and 34% will be one standard deviation below the mean. The remaining 32% of people will be two or more standard deviations away from the mean. Sixteen percent will be two or more standard deviation deviations above the mean and 16% will be two or more standard deviations below the mean.





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Behavioral Characteristics	1 eart	AVG R.B	owers J. Ali	re 4.8	ioen J.Br	pettchet	ogart R.B	A.B.	omsetter	^{xii} C.	asimit N.Ch	ris Mean	
Following Policy	70	30	40	98	52	55	30	85	85	82	100	69	
Consistency	68	32	38	95	52	52	35	75	80	80	100	65	
People Oriented	67	75	75	65	40	85	60	50	40	85	55	68	
Follow Up and Follow Through	64	27	37	87	60	40	33	80	83	73	90	63	
Analysis of Data	60	25	25	90	65	25	40	80	100	60	100	55	
Customer Relations	60	45	65	62	48	65	35	65	40	88	58	66	
Frequent Interaction with Others	57	90	90	40	40	90	70	40	10	70	10	62	
Organized Workplace	57	20	25	90	65	15	30	80	100	55	100	52	
Versatility	51	95	85	30	60	70	85	40	25	45	15	53	
Frequent Change	50	90	80	18	68	68	90	40	28	38	15	52	
Competitiveness	48	100	70	10	100	40	100	50	50	20	30	47	
Urgency	43	95	75	10	90	35	100	40	40	15	20	43	

Two or more standard deviations below the mean

One standard deviation above the mean

One standard deviation below the mean

Two or more standard deviations above the mean

TTI SUCCESS INSIGHTS. Behavioral Style Comparison Continued

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Behavioral Characteristics	1 earr	AND: P.B.	owers R.C.	ot p.D?	ugs t. De	evault T.FC	^{3†} C. ^{F*}	ater 4. G	ahrig 5.6	inn E.He	eally J.He	pering Mean	
Following Policy	70	30	62	100	68	65	60	70	60	100	60	69	
Consistency	68	32	55	100	68	68	55	62	62	100	55	65	
People Oriented	67	75	85	55	100	100	50	45	100	55	85	68	
Follow Up and Follow Through	64	27	47	93	53	50	60	73	43	90	43	63	
Analysis of Data	60	25	25	100	25	25	70	80	20	100	25	55	
Customer Relations	60	45	72	58	82	78	38	55	75	55	68	66	
Frequent Interaction with Others	57	90	90	20	90	90	50	40	90	10	90	62	
Organized Workplace	57	20	20	100	20	20	75	80	10	100	20	52	
Versatility	51	95	65	15	50	60	70	45	60	10	70	53	
Frequent Change	50	90	62	12	50	52	62	52	60	12	65	52	
Competitiveness	48	100	40	20	20	10	80	70	30	20	40	47	
Urgency	43	95	35	15	15	10	85	60	20	15	35	43	

Two or more standard deviations below the mean

One standard deviation above the mean

One standard deviation below the mean

Two or more standard deviations above the mean

TTI SUCCESS INSIGHTS. Behavioral Style Comparison Continued

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Behavioral Characteristics	1 earr	A10: A.BC	wers D. He	pets R.HU	rit A.Hi	MA A.La	.10 4.10	Son A.Lei	itensdorfet	sterbrink R. Mi	let C.Mov	Mry Mean
Following Policy	70	30	42	72	82	98	20	58	100	100	88	69
Consistency	68	32	45	72	80	95	28	52	100	100	88	65
People Oriented	67	75	50	35	80	65	75	85	55	55	75	68
Follow Up and Follow Through	64	27	50	77	77	87	17	43	97	93	83	63
Analysis of Data	60	25	45	100	70	90	20	25	100	100	75	55
Customer Relations	60	45	50	28	70	65	32	70	55	58	68	66
Frequent Interaction with Others	57	90	50	10	70	40	90	90	10	20	50	62
Organized Workplace	57	20	45	100	65	90	10	15	100	100	75	52
Versatility	51	95	60	30	50	30	100	65	10	15	35	53
Frequent Change	50	90	72	42	38	18	100	65	18	12	25	52
Competitiveness	48	100	100	100	20	20	100	40	30	20	10	47
Urgency	43	95	90	70	20	15	100	35	20	15	10	43

Two or more standard deviations below the mean

One standard deviation above the mean

One standard deviation below the mean

Two or more standard deviations above the mean

TTI SUCCESS INSIGHTS. Behavioral Style Comparison Continued

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Behavioral Characteristics	1ean	AV9: P.B	Owers C. Ne	oleon C. Pr	B.B.	owland 5.5t	oner Tr	NIOT B.T.	ring w	ang A.W	ng Mean	. /
Following Policy	70	30	55	25	90	65	82	78	85	70	69	
Consistency	68	32	52	30	88	62	80	68	75	62	65	
People Oriented	67	75	85	75	50	85	85	70	50	40	68	
Follow Up and Follow Through	64	27	40	23	97	47	73	67	80	73	63	
Analysis of Data	60	25	25	20	100	25	60	60	80	85	55	
Customer Relations	60	45	65	38	48	85	85	75	65	42	66	
Frequent Interaction with Others	57	90	90	90	20	90	70	70	40	40	62	
Organized Workplace	57	20	15	10	100	25	55	55	80	85	52	
Versatility	51	95	70	90	25	70	45	55	40	55	53	
Frequent Change	50	90	68	95	28	60	38	50	40	52	52	
Competitiveness	48	100	40	100	50	30	10	40	50	70	47	
Urgency	43	95	35	90	35	30	10	35	40	75	43	

Two or more standard deviations below the mean

One standard deviation above the mean

One standard deviation below the mean

Two or more standard deviations above the mean